

Insurance for Movers

David Ogilvy, Vice President April 16, 2009

SESSION TOPICS

- Brief Introduction of who we are and what we do in the moving Industry
- State of the insurance market and why it is important for you to understand how it works
- The key components that make up your insurance buy
- Important coverage considerations (Limits vs Contract wording)
- What are your true claims costs and how do they affect your bottom line
- Concentrating on key components to raise your risk profile in the eyes of the insurer
- Controlling your international exposures
- Important coverage that is often overlooked



- Insurance Brokerage established in 1924
- Employ over 50 professionals
- Offices in Toronto and Montreal
- Represent over 10,000 customers
- Represent Moving Companies across Canada

STATE OF THE INSURANCE MARKET

- Market moves in cycles despite your own loss history
- Cycles tend to last 6 to 10 years
- What is the trend for the next 12 to 18 months?



(1) Excludes state funds.

Source: ISO.

ISSUES FACING MOVERS

- Operating trucks
- Moving industry has a poor reputation
- Considered to be seasonal (financially not as stable as other industries)
- Very few Insurers interested in the moving business
- Very few brokers who know what exposures to cover off

Key components of your insurance buy

- Drivers of premium costs
- 1. Fleet
- 2. Cargo
- 3. Warehouse Legal Liability
- 4. Property & Business Interruption
- 5. General Liability
- 6. Umbrella Liability

Fleet Costs

Ranking of Average Trucking Insurance Costs—by Jurisdiction



IMPORTANT COVERAGE CONSIDERATIONS (NOT ALL POLICIES ARE THE SAME) CARGO

- Cargo coverage highlights
 - What is the definition of SIT
 - "Mysterious Disappearance" often excluded
 - Coverage is limited to List of Vehicles supplied
 - Furs, Jewelry, Coin Collections are specifically excluded
 - Damage caused by Vermin is excluded
 - Cargo Loss due to Employee Dishonesty
 - Movers Equipment is excluded
 - Locked Vehicle Warranty
 - Pairs and Sets Limitation
 - Damage caused by Change in Temperature
 - Ability of Claims settlement
 - Proper Limit

Motor Truck Cargo Liability Policy MARKEL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA Head Office - Toronto, On.

Policy No.: 2011634 Agentieroker:

Broker Code: 4752

In consideration of the premium, and subject to all the terms and conditions of the policy, it is agreed that the insurer shall provide covorages as stated in the policy wording etteched to and forming part of this policy.

DECLARATIONS

1. Named and eddress of insured:

2. Policy Term:			105 Text 1340		And a second second		
Policy Period	Yeer	Month	2. CONTRACTOR STATES (1997) 1997	(ear	Month Day 12:01 AM Standard Time, et your address shown		
From	07	04		08	04 21 sbowe		

3. Limits of Insurance:

CARGO LIM T	CATASTROPHE LIMIT	DEDUCTIBLE	Terminal Legal Liability Limit Any One Location
\$250,000	\$280,000	\$5:000	\$250,000
4 Coverboo Earm:		WERE REAL	

4. Coverage Form:

	ALL RIEK (X)	NAMED PERILS ()	OWNED CARGO ()	NON OWNED ()	C. All and the second se	
5.	Location of All Pres	nilses/Terminals, You Own, R	ent, Lease or Occupy:			創業
	SAME AS ABOVE			The Property of		定なった。
	GC and	1. S.	Ten and the second	and the second	THIN SEARCH AND	- 1878 C

6. Cargo Coverages:

Description of Cargo Carried PRINCIPALLY: Household Furnitum	Lime of Datility if Different from above N/A	Premium Basis N/A	Rale NiA	Advanced Premium

7. MINIMUM PREMIUM N/A

TOTAL PREMIUM

By. (Authorized Representative)

COUNTERSIGNED ON: __ (Cate)

Jan. 12/96 201A

TRUCKMEN'S CARGO LIABILITY INSURANCE

In consideration of the payment of the premium stated in the declarations of this Policy, the Insurer agrees to the following with the insured named in article 1 of the said declarations.

PART I - INSURING AGREEMENTS

COVERAGE 1

The insurer will pay on behalf of the insured all sums which the insured shall become obligated to pay in relation to liability which he has incurred under the Current Standard Bill of Lading, prescribed by Law at the point of Origin, as demages due to loss, injury to or destruction of property committed to his care, custoey or control, as a fructurian or carrier, except as hereinaffer provided.

DEFENSE 2

The insurer will have the right and the duty lot

- a) to make such investigation, recodation or settlement of any carm or suits as it deems expedient, subject to the stipulations of article 3 of the general conditions.
- b) to defend any suit or proceeding against the insured sesking demages payable under the terms of this Policy, even if any of the allegations of the suit are groundless, refer or fraudulent, subject to the sticulations of article 3 of the general conditions.
- to pay all premiums on bonds to release attachments of an amount ng in excess of the limit of liability of this Policy and εù all premiums on access bonds, but without any obligation to eaply to refluction such bonds,
- to pay all costs of investigations, defense, negotiations or settlement of claims, all costs taxed against the insured in any d) suit, reimburse all reasonable exponents incurred by the insured, at the insured arequest, and all interest ecoruing after entry of judgement for in those persections where statute prescribes interest from some other date, from such prescribed date); upon that part of the lodgment which is within the limits of lebility of the insurer.

3. TEMPORARY STORAGE IN TRANSIT

This Policy only covers the legal lisbility of the insured for damage due to loss, injury to or destruction of property in temporary storage incidental to transportation, but only while in due course of transit, and in no event to exceed the period of time for which the insured is Table as a carrier of huddenen to to a meximum of 30 days.

APPLICATION OF COVERAGE

Coverage granted under this Policy applies only to liability for evenus or accidents which have taken place during the Policy period, within Sanada, concinental United States of America, or upon a vessel plying between ports of those countries. This Policy shall protect each person firm, constraijon or other entity named as a "Named Instined" as though a separate Policy had been issued to each. The insurer's limit of lighting shall not be increased by or because of the inclusion of more than one person, firm, corporation or other entity as an insured. Contract and Contract and Constrained

AMOUNT OF INSURANCE.

The amount of insurance stated in the declarations shall be considered the total limit of liability of the insurer for all claims resulting from one single addition or event. It is understood that costs and expenses incurred under insuring eqreements trumbers 2a. 2b, 2c. 2d will be peid in excess of the amount of insurance.

DEDUCTIBLE

5.

For all claims against the insured as a result of one single accident or event, the obligation of the insurer under insuring agreement. number 1 will apply to the extent that the final sum payable under this Policy, including general average and salvage charges, will be restricted to the amount in excess of the deductible stated in the Declarations.

PART II - EXCLUSIONS

This Policy does not apply to any liability resulting from:

1.

- 2
- Injury to, have or destruction of near property. Injury to, have or destruction of property belonging to, leased to, or rented to the Insured, AMERS EBART- TAN VAN The existence, use, or the mainlenance by or on behalf of the insured of manufacture and the insured of З.
- 4 Any occurrence intentionally caused by or at the direction of -
 - GOODS STOLEN BY WSELED'S DRIVER an individual, if such individual is the Named Insured, or
 - EXCLUDED . ï١ a Partner, if the Named Insured is a cartnership, or
 - üi) an Executive Officer on Director, if the named insured is a corporation, or

- M an insured other than the Named insured, however, in such an instance, protection shall extend to the Named insured.
- 5. War, hyasion, act of foreign enemies, hostilities (whether war be declared or not), rivit war, rebation, revolution, insurrection, military or usuped power, or confiscation, or nationalization, or requisition, or destruction of, or damage to property by or under the order whether official or not of any government or public or local authority.
- 6. Delsy, loss of use, loss of market.
- 7. Gradual deterioration, moth or vermin. Ar
- Injury to, loss or destruction of accounts, bits, deeds, evidences of debt, money, notes, securities, precious metals, precious stones jevellary, ivestock, valuable papers procords.
- The neglect of the Insured to use all reasonable means to save and preverve at any after any disaster insured against, or when the property for which he is liable be endangered.
- 10. Nuclear reaction or nuclear radiation or radioactive contamination whether controlled or uncontrolled and whether such injury, loss or dosinuction be direct or inclined, proximate or remote but subject to the foregoing, the insured's liability for loss by five resulting from nuclear radiation or reaction or radioactive comparination is insured against.

PART III - GENERAL CONDITIONS

1, DEFINITION OF THE WORD INSURED

The unquelified word "Insured" includes the Named Insured and any partitier, executive officer, director, stockholder of employee of the Named Insured, while acting within the scope of his duties as such.

2. MISREPRESENTATION AND FRAUD

This entire Policy shall be void if, whether before or after a loss, the insured has concealed or misrepresented any material fact or circumstance concerning this insurgance or the subject thereof, or the interest of Rig Insured therein, or its case of any fraud or false swearing by the insured relating (fifteet)

- 3. NOTICE OF CLAIM AND COOPERATION
 - (1) As soon as the insured is eware of a circlenstance which might give rise to a giam under this Policy, or as soon as a claim is made against the insured, he will immediately advise the insurer.
 - (2) If legal proceedings are alterapted against the Insured, the latter will immediately remit all documentation to that effect to the Insurer.
 - (3) Whenever required by the insured will cooperate, except monetarily, for the purpose of obtaining information or for the purpose of cetting or defending any claim.

SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS 🖂



The insured shall not voluntarily assume any obligation, satile any claim or make any payment without the consent of the insurer, who will have the right to take every and handle in the name of the basered the defense of any claim. The Insurer, however, shall have the right to settle any claims or suit at any time, and the insure agrees, by the ecceptance of this contract, to relimbute the insure Reductible amount as per insuring Agreement furniser 6.

NO BENEFIT TO BAILEE

The insurance shall in no way ensure directly or indirectly to the benefit of any canter or other balace other than the insured.

6. SUE AND LABOUR

In case of loss, I shall be lawful and necessary for the insured, his or their factors, servents and easigns, to see, lacour, and travel for, in and about the defense, safeguard and recovery of the property for which the insured is lisble hereunder or any pert thereof, without prejudice to this insurance, nor shall the acts of the insured or the Company, in recriving, saving and preserving the property for which the insured is lisble hereunder in case of ices be considered a waiver or an ecceptance of abandonment. Reasonable expenses so incurred shall be borne by the insured and the insure proportionately, to the extent of their respective intervals.

7. SUBROGATION

In the event of any paynoint by the Insurer under this Policy, the Insurer shall be subrogated (up to the amount of such payment) to the Insured's rights of receivery therefore against any third party.

B. OTHER INSURANCE

If there is other resummer against a loss covered by this Policy, the present insurance shall be deemed excess insurance and shall not be called upon in contribution.

9. CONFORMITY TO STATUTE

Torms of this Policy which are in conflict with the laws or statutes of any province, state or ocunity wherein coverage applies are hereby amended to conform to such statutes or laws

IMPORTANT COVERAGE CONSIDERATIONS (NOT ALL POLICIES ARE THE SAME) WAREHOUSE LEGAL LIABILITY

• Warehouse Coverage Highlights

- "Mysterious Disappearance" often excluded
- Furs, Jewelry, Coin Collections are specifically excluded
- Damage caused by Vermin is excluded
- Damage caused by Change in Temperature
- Pairs and Sets Limitation
- Issues with Storage in Van
- Documentation is critical
- Ability of Claims settlement
- What is the proper Limit

IMPORTANT COVERAGE CONSIDERATIONS (NOT ALL POLICIES ARE THE SAME) BUSINESS INTERRUPTION

• There is a need to cover 3 types of potential loss

- Highest concentration of Revenue risk is your Warehouse
- The added cost of getting back in business after a loss occurs (Extra Expense Coverage)
- Rental Income

CLAIMS COSTS

• Direct vs Indirect

• Claims protocol (Internal / External)

Not all costs are direct

The direct and indirect costs

Direct Costs: Cargo damage Vehicle damage Cost of injuries Medical costs Loss of revenue Administrative costs Police report Possible effect on insurance prices Possible effect on worker's compensation insurance Towing costs Storage costs for damaged vehicles Litigation and/or settlement costs Indirect (Hidden) Costs: Lost clients/customers Lost sales Meetings missed Salaries paid to employees involved in crash Lost time at work Cost to hire/train replacement employees Supervisor's time Loss of personal property Cost of replacement vehicle rental Damaged equipment downtime Accelerated depreciation of equipment Crash reporting Medical costs paid by company Poor public relations/publicity Increased public relations costs Government agency costs



A loss can cost your business much more than the dollar value paid out by your insurance company.

LOSS IMPACTS YOUR BOTTOM LINE

The cost of any loss will have a direct impact on your bottom line.

For example, an incident that appears to cost \$25,000 will actually require a trucking company to generate another \$1.25 million in revenue at an annual profit margin of two percent.

Your insurance policy typically covers many direct costs, but you are on the hook to pay for some direct costs and many indirect costs.

Yearly Accident Costs	Profit Margin					
i cany riccia cono	1%	2%	3%	4%	5%	
\$1,000	100,000	50,000	33,000	25,000	20,000	
5,000	500,000	250,000	167,000	125,000	100,000	
10,000	1,000,000	500,000	333,000	250,000	200,000	
25,000	2,500,000	1,250,000	833,000	625,000	500,000	
50,000	5,000,000	2,500,000	1,667,000	1,250,000	1,000,000	
100,000	10,000,000	5,000,000	3,333,000	2,500,000	2,000,000	
150,000	15,000,000	7,500,000	5,000,000	3,750,000	3,000,000	
200,000	20,000,000	10,000,000	6,666,000	5,000,000	4,000,000	

MANAGING YOUR CUSTOMER'S EXPECTATIONS

- The best performing movers tend to handle as many "claims" as possible internally.
- Speed of resolution has long term impacts on customer retention and repeat business
- Speed of resolution has direct impact on final loss amounts paid
- Long term improvement on Cargo and Warehouse premiums paid

RAISING YOUR RISK PROFILE

- Pick a renewal date that makes sense
- Business management
 - Safety Manual / Employee manual
 - Procedures Manual including how customer documentation is handled
- Loss History
- Loss Prevention
- Regular Driver Meetings
- Brief summary of why you think you are a better operator than your peers

COVERAGE OFTEN OVERLOOKED

- Directors & Officers Liability
- Employment Practices Liability
- Environmental Liability

CONCLUSION

- Insurance market fluctuates in cycles lasting 6 to 10 years with the last "hard market" peak in 2003
- We looked at the key components of your insurance buy
- We made the distinction that although you may have proper limits, the contract wording behind the limit is critical to cover off what movers are really exposed to
- We looked at what effect the cost of claims (Direct and Indirect) has on the overall financial well being of your company
- With the above in mind we highlighted some ways whereby you can get better bang for your insurance premium dollar by employing some simple strategies
- We also touched on some important issues you need to consider on the international moving front as well as some other types of coverage that you may or may not know exist



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